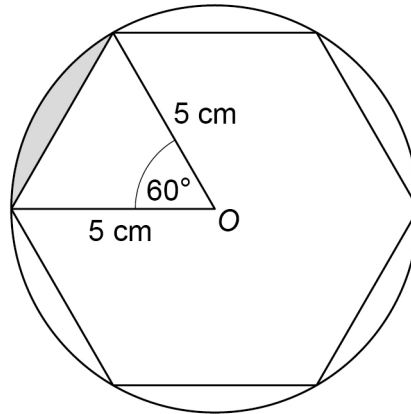


- 1 The vertices of a regular hexagon lie on a circle with centre O and radius 5 cm

Not drawn
accurately



Work out the shaded area.

Give your answer in the form $\frac{a\pi - b\sqrt{c}}{12}$ where a , b and c are integers.

[4 marks]

$$\text{Area of triangle} = \frac{1}{2} \times 5^2 \times \sin 60^\circ = \frac{25}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{25\sqrt{3}}{4} \quad (1)$$

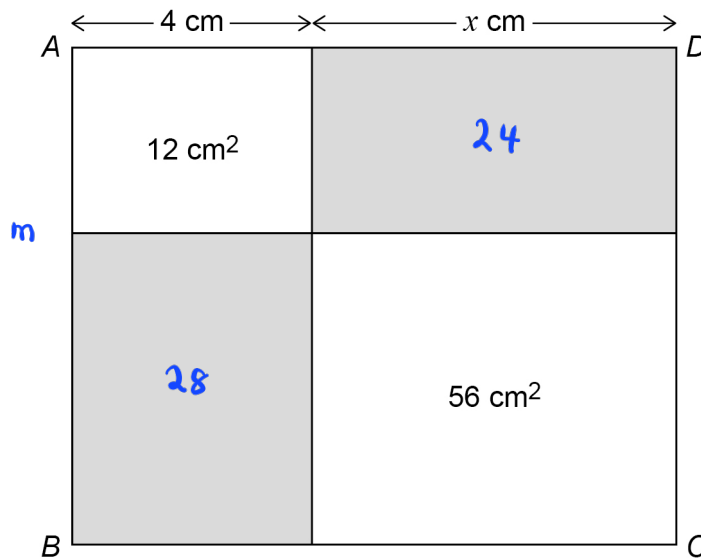
$$\text{Area of sector} = \pi \times 5^2 \times \frac{60}{360} = \frac{25\pi}{6} \quad (1)$$

$$\text{Area of shaded region} = \frac{(25\pi) \times 2}{6 \times 2} - \frac{(25\sqrt{3}) \times 3}{(4) \times 3} \quad (1)$$

$$= \frac{50\pi - 75\sqrt{3}}{12} \quad (1)$$

Answer $\frac{50\pi - 75\sqrt{3}}{12}$ cm²

- 2 Rectangle $ABCD$ is split into four smaller rectangles.
Two of the smaller rectangles are shaded.



Not drawn
accurately

$$4 : x = 1 : 2$$

For rectangle $ABCD$, work out the ratio shaded area : unshaded area
Give your answer in its simplest form.

[4 marks]

$$x = 4 \times 2 = 8$$

$$\text{Area of top shaded rectangle : } 8 \times (12 \div 4)$$

$$= 8 \times 3 = 24 \text{ cm}^2$$

(1)

$$\text{Area of bottom shaded rectangle : } 4 \times (56 \div 8)$$

$$= 4 \times 7 = 28 \text{ cm}^2$$

(1)

$$\text{shaded : } 24 + 28 = 52 \quad \text{unshaded : } 12 + 56 = 68$$

$$\text{shaded : unshaded} = 52 : 68 \quad \div 4$$

$$= 13 : 17$$

Answer 13 : 17 (1)